State of Wisconsin \ Government Accountability Board

212 East Washington Avenue, 3rd Floor Post Office Box 7984 Madison, WI 53707-7984 Voice (608) 266-8005 Fax (608) 267-0500 E-mail: gab@wisconsin.gov http://gab.wi.gov



JUDGE DAVID G. DEININGER Chairperson

> **KEVIN J. KENNEDY** Director and General Counsel

GAB-190 HELP GUIDE

The data from the GAB-190 needs to be entered into the Wisconsin Election Data Collection System (WEDCS). WEDCS is an online program run through the same Citrix Application as the SVRS. WEDCS is also available directly by going to wedcs.gab.wi.gov. The WEDCS chapter of the SVRS manual is available on the G.A.B. website at http://gab.wi.gov/clerks/education-training/syrs-manual.

<u>SVRS Self-Providers</u>: Enter the GAB-190 data into the WEDCS. Once entered, your county clerk can print a copy of your information; you do not need to send a paper copy to your county clerk or to the Government Accountability Board.

<u>SVRS Reliers</u>: You may need your SVRS Provider to enter your GAB-190 data into the WEDCS on your behalf. This requires that you send your Provider a copy of your GAB-190. Some Reliers have access to the WEDCS; these Reliers would have been in communication with G.A.B. Staff and worked to install a Citrix certificate on their computer.

ELECTION VOTING AND REGISTRATION STATISTICS REPORT

1) Total Ballots. How many ballots were cast?
The number of voted ballots counted, either by machine or by hand. Do not include unused blank ballots.
2) Total Electors. How many electors voted in the election?
3) Were there more ballots cast than there were electors? \Box YES \Box NO
If YES, how many more?
If the number of voted ballots counted is greater than the last voter number you gave out, answer "yes."
Subtract Line 2 from Line 1 and indicate that number. Be SURE you have checked the poll list for
numbers issued more than once and exhausted all possibilities as to why there are more ballots than
voters before assuming there are more ballots than voters.
4) Absentee Electors. How many ballots, excluding military, were:
These numbers should include your permanent, regular, and nursing home voters as well as hospitalized
electors and sequestered jurors. This should also include anyone who is overseas temporarily, such as
students studying abroad or working overseas. Do not include military and permanent overseas—U.S.
citizens residing overseas with no intent to return to the U.S.
a) Issued (total, including in-person)?
The number of absentee ballots that you mailed out, sent to nursing homes, emailed, faxed, and issued in
your office. Do not include military and permanent overseas absentee electors.

b) Issued in-person? The number of absentee ballots that were issued to electors in your office. This only includes the people who were issued and returned their absentee ballot to you while in your office, otherwise known as "walk-ups" or "walk-ins." c) Sent but not returned? The number of issues absentee ballots that were sent to an elector but never returned to your office. These ballots are outstanding. Do not include ballots that were returned late. Do not include military and permanent overseas electors. d) Returned undeliverable? The number of issued absentee ballots that were returned to your office because the post office could not deliver them to the elector. These ballots do not go to the polling place. Do not include military and permanent overseas absentee electors. e) Returned to be counted? The number of absentee ballots returned to you, by the elector, including ballots that were missing signatures on the certificate envelope or were returned unvoted (but not undeliverable). In other words, this is the number of absentee ballots that were returned to your office then sent to the polling place (or Absentee Central Count Location) on Election Day or ballots returned to your office and sent to your municipal board of canvass when it reconvened. This includes those absentee ballots that were voted in your office and returned to you immediately and those returned via mail. This also includes those absentee ballots that were returned to be counted after the election. Do not include military and permanent overseas absentee electors. i) Received by Election Day? The number of absentee ballots returned to you, by the elector, including ballots that were missing signatures on the certificate envelope or were returned unvoted (but not undeliverable) before or on Election Day. In other words, this is the number of absentee ballots that were returned to your office then sent to the polling place (or Absentee Central Count Location) on Election Day. This includes those absentee ballots that were voted in your office and returned to you immediately and those returned via mail. Do not include military and permanent overseas absentee electors. ii) Received by the Friday after the election?____________________________ The number of absentee ballots returned to you, by the elector, including ballots that were missing signatures on the certificate envelope or were returned unvoted (but not undeliverable) that were postmarked by the day of the election but returned after the day of the election but before 4:00pm the Friday after the election. In other words, this is the number of absentee ballots that were returned to your office then processed when the Municipal Board of Canvass reconvenes. Do not include military and permanent overseas absentee electors. The number of absentee ballots that were actually counted, either by the voting equipment or by hand on Election Day or by the Municipal Board of Canvasses after Election Day. In other words, this is the number of absentee ballots that were given a voter number at the polls or by the Municipal Board of Canvassers after Election Day. Do not include military or permanent overseas absentee electors. g) Rejected? The number of absentee ballots that were rejected by poll workers or the Municipal Board of Canvassers for any reason other than being returned late. Do not include ballots rejected by machine. Do not include military and permanent overseas absentee electors. h) Late (received after the Friday after the election)?___________________ The number of absentee ballots that were that were received after Election Day that were either not postmarked by the day of the election or absentee ballots that were received after the 4:00pm deadline the Friday after the election. Do not include military and permanent overseas absentee electors.

5. Military Electors (official Ballot). How many ballots, excluding Federal Write-in Absentee Ballot (FWAB), were:

These numbers should include the official absentee ballots that you sent out to your military absentee electors. A military elector is defined as a member of the uniformed service or merchant marine, a civilian employee of the United States, a Peace Corps volunteer, or a spouse or civilian formally attached to those listed above. Do not include the Federal Write-in Absentee Ballot that military or permanent overseas electors can send to your office. For a definition of Federal Write-In Absentee Ballot please see question 7.

a) Issued?________

The number of official absentee ballots that you mailed out, emailed, faxed, and issued in your office to military absentee electors. Include only the official ballot that you sent to the military elector(s). Also include ballots issued online through <u>MyVote.WI.gov</u>. Do not include any Federal Write-In Absentee Ballots (FWAB). For a definition of Federal Write-In Absentee Ballot please see question 7.

b) Sent but not returned?

The number of official military absentee ballots that you mailed out, emailed, or faxed to military absentee electors that were not returned to your office. These ballots are outstanding. Also include ballots issued online through MyVote.WI.gov. Do not include ballots that were returned late. Include only the official ballot that you sent to the military elector(s). Do not include any Federal Write-In Absentee Ballots (FWAB). For a definition of Federal Write-In Absentee Ballot please see question 7.

c) Returned undeliverable?

The number of official military absentee ballots issued that were returned to your office because the post office could not deliver them to the elector. These ballots do not go to the polling place. Do not include any Federal Write-In Absentee Ballots (FWAB). For a definition of Federal Write-In Absentee Ballot please see question 7.

d) Returned to be counted?

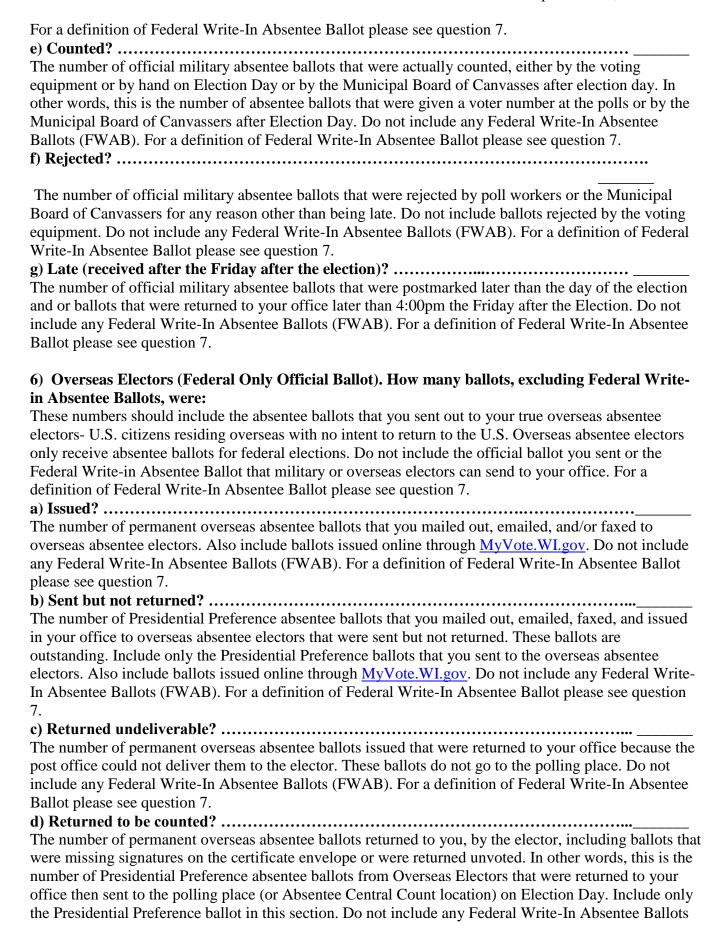
The number of official absentee ballots returned to you, from military electors, including ballots that were missing signatures on the certificate envelope or were returned unvoted (but not undeliverable). In other words, this is the number of absentee ballots that were returned to your office then sent to the polling place (or Absentee Central Count Location) on Election Day or ballots returned to your office and sent to your municipal board of canvass when it reconvened. This includes those absentee ballots that were voted in your office and returned to you immediately and those returned via mail. This also includes those absentee ballots that were returned to be counted after the election. Do not include Federal Write-In Absentee Ballots (FWAB). For a definition of "Federal Write-In Absentee Ballot" please see question 7.

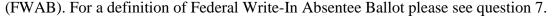
i) Received by Election Day?_

The number of official military absentee ballots returned to you, by the elector, including ballots that were missing signatures on the certificate envelope or were returned unvoted (but not undeliverable). In other words, this is the number of absentee ballots from Military Electors that were returned to your office then sent to the polling place (or Absentee Central Count Location) on Election Day. This includes those absentee ballots that were voted in your office and returned to you immediately and those returned via mail. Include only the official ballot in this section. Do not include any Federal Write-In Absentee Ballots (FWAB). For a definition of Federal Write-In Absentee Ballot please see question 7.

ii) Received by the Friday after the election?

The number of official military absentee ballots returned to you, by the elector, including ballots that were missing signatures on the certificate envelope or were returned unvoted (but not undeliverable) that were postmarked by the day of the election but returned after the day of the election but before 4:00pm the Friday after the election. In other words, this is the number of official military absentee ballots that were returned to your office then processed when the Municipal Board of Canvass reconvenes. Include only the official ballot in this section. Do not include any Federal Write-In Absentee Ballots (FWAB).





office then sent to the polling place (or Absentee Central Count Location) on Election Day. Include only the Presidential Preference in this section. Do not include any Federal Write-In Absentee Ballots (FWAB). For a definition of Federal Write-In Absentee Ballot please see question 7.

ii) Received by the Friday after the Election?

The number of permanent overseas absentee ballots returned to you, by the elector, including ballots that were missing signatures on the certificate envelope or were returned unvoted. In other words, this is the number of Presidential Preference absentee ballots from overseas Electors that were returned to your office then counted by the municipal board of canvassers after the election. Do not include any Federal Write-In Absentee Ballots (FWAB). For a definition of Federal Write-In Absentee Ballot please see question 7.

e) Counted?______

The number of permanent overseas absentee ballots that were actually counted, either by the voting equipment or by hand. Do not include any write-in ballots or any Federal Write-In Absentee Ballots (FWAB). For a definition of Federal Write-In Absentee Ballot please see question 7.

f) Rejected?

The number of permanent overseas absentee ballots that were rejected by a poll worker for any reason, other than being too late than can be counted. Do not include ballots rejected by the voting equipment. Do not include any Federal Write-In Absentee Ballots (FWAB). For a definition of Federal Write-In Absentee Ballot please see question 7.

g) Late (received after the Friday after the Election)?

The number of absentee ballots that were postmarked later than the day of the election and or ballots that were returned to your office later than 4:00pm the Friday after the Election. Do not include any Federal Write-In Absentee Ballots (FWAB). For a definition of Federal Write-In Absentee Ballot please see question 7.

7) FWAB. How many Federal Write-In Absentee Ballots were:

The Federal Write-In Absentee Ballots (FWAB) are write-in ballots available online for military and permanent overseas electors. This is not a write-in ballot that you sent your electors. The FWAB is a federal write-in ballot that military and permanent overseas electors can print from the Federal Voting Assistance Programs website or obtain from military bases and embassies, and mail to the appropriate clerk. In order for the FWAB to be counted, the military or permanent overseas elector must complete the Declaration/Affirmation that accompanies the FWAB. The Declaration/Affirmation is both an absentee application and the certificate. The Declaration/Affirmation must include a witness's signature. Permanent overseas voter may only use the FWAB for federal elections. Military electors may use the FWAB for all elections. A sample of the FWAB can be seen at http://www.fvap.gov/resources/media/fwab.pdf

b) Counted?______

The number of Federal Write-in Absentee Ballots that were actually counted, either by machine or by hand on Election Day or by the Municipal Board of Canvasses after election day. In other words, this is the number of absentee ballots that were given a voter number at the polls or by the Municipal Board of Canvassers after Election Day.

GAB-190 HELF GUIDE	O	KEVISED. September 13, 2012
c) Rejected?	Ballots (FWAB) the ason, and/or those the election)? Ballots (FWAB) the postmarked after the with the clerk, the re Election Day and with the municipals in the must receive the	hat were rejected by poll workers or the that were received late. Do not include that were received later than 4:00pm the ne day of the Election. If the elector FWAB can be received by 4 pm the Friday d still be eligible to be counted. If the all clerk and the Declaration/Affirmation is
unit does not vote in that election. Please of only the voters whose names will appear of at the close of registration to gather the mo	ear on your poll list istered voters who be board election on only include the number the poll list. Self ost accurate number List (located on the portion of the portion o	t if printed 20 days before the election. In are registered as of 5:00pm the 20th day the ballot, sometimes the whole reporting mber of ELIGIBLE voters for that election; -Providers: Please try to gather this number r. Reliers: To gather this number take the ne last page of the poll list) and subtract the poll list. Note: Unless this is a newly
begins at 5:00pm on the 20th day before the Certificates of Registration you issued. (The Certificates of Registration of Regi	during the late reg ne election. It may he Certificate of Re er during late regist onsin Municipal Cl dress changes and re e whole reporting u	istration period. The late registration period be easiest to count the number of egistration, GAB-133, is a certificate that tration. For more information please see the erks pages 40-41.) Include anyone who name changes. If there is only a school unit does not vote in that election. Please
10) Election-Day Registrants. Number The total number of voters who registered form, including address changes, name changeled out a registration form but were already	on Election Day. I anges, people who	nclude anyone who filled out a registration registered but did not vote, and those who
the polling place, and 2) an elector is a first required proof of residence, these electors	Day in two specific nable to provide the st-time voter who re will have POR Rec o be counted, the el	e situations: 1) an elector has a current and e license number when registering to vote at egistered by mail, but failed to provide the quired printed next to their name on the poll lector must provide the missing information

REVISED: September 13, 2012

i) Could not provide a Wisconsin Driver's License, State ID number	ar?
The number of provisional ballots issued to electors who register to vote at the elector could not provide a WI Driver License, State ID Number, or Proof of F provisional ballots, regardless of whether they were later counted or rejected.	polling place, but the
ii) Was a first time voter registered by mail and could not provide	proof of residence?
The number of provisional ballots issued to electors because they were a first t	-
registered by mail and could not provide Proof of Residence. Include all provi of whether they were later counted or rejected. b) Provisional Ballots Counted?	sional ballots, regardless
The number of provisional ballots that were actually counted, either by machin Day and/or by the Municipal Board of Canvassers . This includes only ballots provided the required information. c) Provisional Ballots Rejected? The number of provisional ballots that were not counted by the Municipal Board.	ne or by hand on Election for which the voter ard of Canvassers, whether
due to the elector's inability or unwillingness to provide the required informative rejected by machine.	ion. Do not include banots
12) Total Number of Votes Cast On: Indicate the total number of voters by voting method.	
Paper Ballots:	
The number of ballots counted by hand. Do not include ballots counted by the	voting equipment. If you
ballots are taken to the County or a central location after the polls are closed at	
scan voting equipment there; record the total number as "Optical Scan" not as	· ·
the number of ballots counted by hand by the Municipal Board of Canvassers	after Election Day.
Optical Scan Ballots:	
The number of ballots processed using optical scan voting equipment. Optical tabulate ballots by reading arrows/ovals filled in by the voter. Optech Eagle is name for an optical scan voting system. Include ballots that are counted central office or paper ballots taken to a central location after the polls are closed to be equipment. Include both hand marked ballots and those marked by the AutoMaunicipality).	also a vendor-specific ally at the County Clerk's e tabulated by optical scan
DRE (Touchscreen):	•••••
The number of ballots processed using the direct recording electronic voting methe AutoMARK voting machine. DRE voting systems tabulate votes cast by voter-verified paper audit trail. DREs are also known by other vendor-specific Premier/Diebold AccuVote TSX, ES&S iVotronic, Populex 2.3, and Sequoia AutoMark:	oters and produces a names such as
The number of ballots marked by the AutoMark voting machine. The AutoMa	rk is an electronic ballot
marking device used to ensure accessibility at polling locations and does not to	
AutoMark, please record the number that is on the automatic counter at the be	
the end of the day. Then subtract the number at the beginning of the day from	
the day and the remainder is the total number of people who used the AutoMais the number that should be indicated as the TOTAL NUMBER OF BALLOT	-
AutoMark voting machine. The Wisconsin Government Accountability Board	
Voting-on-Paper Assisted Device for use by municipalities that hand-count pa	
PAD is a non-electronic ballot marking device which is similar to a tactile ball	-
13) Ballots Counted at: □ Polling Place □ Polling Place with Central Count Absentee	□ Central Count

Indicate the location where ballots are counted on Election Day, either by machine or by hand. If all absentee ballots and ballots at polls are opened and counted at the Polling Place, only select POLLING PLACE. If your absentee ballots are opened, given voter numbers, and counted either by machine or by hand at a Central Count Absentee location, you should select POLLING PLACE AND CENTRAL COUNT. If your absentee ballots are opened at a Central Count Absentee location but then transported to Polling Places to be counted, you should select POLLING PLACE WITH CENTRAL COUNT ABSENTEE.

8

Polling Place: Select this choice if all voted ballots, including absentee ballots, are counted at the polling place (either by hand and/ or by voting equipment).

Polling Place with Absentee Central Count: Select this choice if electors who vote at the polls have their voted ballot counted at the polling place but the absentee ballots are processed at another location, other than the polling place.

Central Count: Select this choice if all voted ballots are placed in a ballot box on Election Day but then taken to a central location to be counted using voting equipment.

14) Voting Equipment (how many of each type of voting equipment is used).

If you have answered this question for a previous election and your equipment has not changed, this question is **optional**. Please fill in the following information if your voting equipment has changed since the last election. If your voting equipment has not changed, you may leave this question blank. □ Optical Scan: Model: ______ Version: _____. Vendor: _____ □ DRE (Touchscreen)/AutoMARK: ______ Model: _____ Version: _____. Vendor: _____ For Example: Model: Sequoia Edge_ Version: 5.024 Vendor: Sequoia_ For each type of equipment, please list the model(s), version(s) and vendor(s). If all of the voting systems used on Election Day were the same type (make and/or model), we still need the total number of voting systems used on Election Day. Note: Question 15 only needs to be filled out if your voting equipment has changed since the last report you provided. **15) Election Inspectors** Election inspectors, or poll workers, are those individuals who work on Election Day. Election inspectors do not include greeters, special registration deputies, and/or tabulators. a) Total number of election inspectors? The total number of election inspectors who worked at this reporting unit, for this election. Please include the Chief Inspector in your totals. b) Does this polling places use split shifts? \square Yes \square No Do you allow election inspectors to work in split shifts at this location? In order to use split shift, the governing body of the municipality must pass an ordinance allowing 2 or more sets of officials to work at different times. c) Difficulty of obtaining inspectors (circle one) 1 2 3 4 5 Please rate how difficult it was for you to find election inspectors for this election. 1=very difficult 2=somewhat difficult 3=neither difficult nor easy 4=somewhat easy 5=very easy d) Number of election inspectors by age: Please list the number of election inspectors that fall into each age group. Only include inspectors who worked this election at this particular reporting unit. High School students who are 16 or 17 may serve as an election inspector but not the Chief Inspector. 16 to 17: _____ 18 to 25: ____ 26 to 40: ____ 41 to 60: ____ 61 to 70: ____ 71+: ____

e) Name of polling place:		
Please fill in the name of the polling place for this reporting unit.		
f) Is this polling place shared by multiple reporting units?	\square No	
Did more than one reporting unit use this polling place for this election?		

Statutory Authority to Request Information: Wis. Stat. § 5.05(14). "Information from County and Municipal Clerks." The board may request information from county and municipal clerks relating to election administration, performance of electronic voting systems and voting machines, and use of paper ballots in elections. Local election officials are required to provide information requested under § 5.05 (14) to the Board upon request. Wis. Stats. § 7.10 (10), 7.15 (13)

ELECTION COSTS

Cost of Elections only need to be provided once **for each municipality** – not for each reporting unit.

INSTRUCTIONS: Please only include costs that occurred since your last GAB-190 form submission and up to 30 days following an election if the costs are related to the most recent election. If you are awaiting a bill or invoice for the final costs of election-related expenses, we suggest using the best information available prior to the 30-day deadline to submit the GAB-190 form. For example, you could use the cost provided on a bid or quote. You could also contact your vendor(s) to determine if the bid or quote is likely to change significantly. If a County Clerk pays for something up front but later bills or pro-rates that cost to municipalities, the County Clerk could provide municipalities with their best available information, or the Municipal Clerk could contact the County Clerk for these data. To enter cost data, click on the election from the menu on the left in WEDCS. The cost report will be at the top of the list of reports for counties. The cost report for municipalities will be after all reporting units for most municipalities. If your municipality is in multiple counties, the cost report will be after the last reporting unit in your "MAIN" jurisdiction.

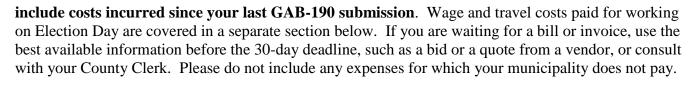
<u>Self-Providers & County Clerks</u>: All Self-Providers and all County Clerks are asked to enter the Cost of Elections information directly into the WEDC System for their respective individual municipality or individual county.

<u>Provider Clerks</u>: All Provider Municipal and Provider County Clerks are asked to collect the information election costs from their relier municipalities via the GAB-190 form. Provider clerks are asked to enter this information into WEDCS on behalf of their respective Reliers.

Relier Clerks: In order to reduce additional burden on Municipal and County clerks who are Providers, the G.A.B. asks all municipal clerks who are reliers to fill out the information below and return the GAB-190 to their Provider so that these data can be entered into WEDCS.

Cost of Producing materials for Poll Workers and Chief Inspectors, and for Clerk and staff training. Please include all costs incurred for the production of training materials on the current GAB-190 filing. For example, training costs paid sometime in early 2012 which may benefit the entire election year should only be reported on the current GAB-190 report; do not prorate them throughout the year. Subsequent GAB-190 reports would not show any training costs; you would indicate zero ("0"), unless some new costs were incurred later in the year. In addition, include fees paid by your municipality to poll workers, chief inspectors, the clerk and staff for attending training sessions, including mileage reimbursement and hourly wages since your last GAB-190 filing. Please only

REVISED: September 13, 2012



- Cost of printing and delivering ballots. Please include all costs paid by your municipality for the printing and delivering of ballots, and the costs of absentee ballot preparation, processing and postage for this election. Please only include costs incurred since your last GAB-190 submission. If you are waiting for a bill or invoice, use the best available information before the 30-day deadline, such as a bid or a quote from a vendor, or consult with your County Clerk. Please do not include any expenses for which your municipality does not pay.

- Cost of clerk and clerk staff members' time before, during and after the election. Note that Poll Workers and Chief Inspectors are NOT included as staff. Please include the cost of the clerk's time and clerk's staff members' time before, during and after the election since the last election, and since the prior GAB-190 was submitted. If you do not keep a record or log of hours spent working on elections, use your best approximation. For each staff person who worked on elections, please only count time spent prior to Election Day, on Election Day, and 30 days following Election Day. For each hourly worker, multiply the number of hours worked on elections by their hourly wage rate. If salaried,

multiply the percent of time worked on elections by their salary for the time period covered. For example, if a person being paid a monthly salary of \$1,000 works 20% of their time on elections that month, the cost to report for this particular month would be $$200 ($1,000 \times 0.20 = $200)$. Please do not include any expenses for which your municipality does not pay.

8) Polling Place Rental
Cost of polling place rental for this election only. This only applies if the municipality is billed for using the facility as a polling place. Please only include costs incurred since your last GAB-190 submission. If you are waiting for a bill or invoice, please provide the cost received in the bid or estimate from the owner of the facility. Please do not include any expenses that were reimbursed.
9) Notices
Cost of printing and distributing Type A,B, C, D, and E Notices, and other posters required by law to be posted in the polling place on Election Day. Please only include costs incurred for this election, and only include costs incurred since your last GAB-190 submission. If you are waiting for a bill or invoice, use the best available information before the 30-day deadline, such as a bid or a quote from a vendor, or consult with your County Clerk. Please do not include any expenses for which your municipality does not pay.
10) Polling Place Documents. Cost of printing polling place documents. Please include all costs paid by your municipality for printing and distributing poll lists, Ineligible Voter Lists and other documents required by Statute to be posted in the polling place. Please only include costs for this election. Please only include costs incurred since your last GAB-190 submission. If you are waiting for a bill or invoice, use the best available information before the 30-day deadline, such as a bid or a quote from a vendor, or consult with your County Clerk. Please do not include any expenses for which your municipality does not pay.
Cost of miscellaneous expenses. Please include all costs paid by your municipality for any requirements, tasks, supplies or services that were not specifically delineated or enumerated in the categories above. Please include uncompensated hours (using the same cost calculation method listed under Staff, applied to those extra hours worked but not paid), delivery or maintenance of voting equipment and costs billed to school districts/boards. Uncompensated hours refer to time spent related to elections by those who would normally receive an hourly wage, but are not compensated for these extra hours. Please only include costs incurred since your last GAB-190 submission. If you are waiting for a bill or invoice, use the best available information before the 30-day deadline, such as a bid or a quote from a vendor, or consult with your County Clerk. Please do not include any expenses for which your municipality does not pay, or any overhead costs such as heating the hall, janitorial cleaning or electricity. Please do not include any costs that were reimbursed. Please provide as detailed of an explanation as possible for the miscellaneous costs (if applicable).